OneTouch Reveal® web app
Report Reference Guide

Your step-by-step guide to setting up and using the OneTouch Reveal® web app

OneTouch® Ultra® 2 meter
OneTouch® UltraMini® meter

OneTouch® Verio® meter
OneTouch Verio Flex® meter
OneTouch Verio® IQ meter
Animas® Vibe® insulin pump and CGM system
OneTouch® Ping® meter remote and insulin pump
Here to Help

In this guide, you’ll find 14 sample OneTouch Reveal® web app reports (including hypoglycemic and hyperglycemic excursions, pre- and post-meal testing, and insulin dosing).

Each of these colorful, easy-to-understand reports is designed to be used as a starting point to help you get more out of your discussions with your patients.

By highlighting their patterns and showing them the bigger picture, the reports can encourage your patients to stay on track and help them to better manage their blood glucose between visits.

You’ll also find sample CGM reports to help you whenever you’re evaluating your patients’ continuous glucose monitoring data.

The OneTouch Reveal® web app automatically recognizes over 30 patterns when used together with OneTouch® meters and Animas® insulin pumps

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Patient Summary: 10/18/2017 - 10/31/2017

Name: Patient 6, Pete
DOB: 1/22/1983
Gender: Male
Patient ID: TTCP6
Clinic: Trident Training Clinic
Clinician: Clinic Manager, TTC
Patient Summary Report
Gives you an at-a-glance view of your patient’s glycemic control over a selected date range

1. Review prioritized pattern messages so you know what to focus on first
2. Compare glycemic statistics from two separate time periods – and risk for future excursions – to see patient progress
3. View percentages of pre- and post-meal glucose readings in and out of your patient’s target ranges
4. Review a time-of-day chart with a personalized patient schedule along with glucose monitoring and insulin dosing statistics

Blood Glucose (SMBG)
- Overall Avg.: 209.5 mg/dL
- Standard Deviation: 109.7 mg/dL
- No. of Readings: 49
- Avg. No. of Readings per day: 3.5
- % of Readings w/ Meal Tags: 77.6%
- Before Meal Avg.: 163.3 mg/dL
- After Meal Avg.: 254.5 mg/dL

Comparative Statistics
- Current Date Range: 10/18/2017 - 10/31/2017
- Previous Date Range: 10/4/2017 - 10/17/2017
- Change: -14.0%

Insulin Dosing Statistics
- Avg. Total Daily Dose (U per day): 50.5
- Avg. Basal : Bolus Ratio: 40% : 60%
- Avg. No. of Days Between Cannula Fills: 2.3
- Avg. No. of Boluses per day: 2.7
- Avg. Carbohydrate (g per day): 57.5
- Avg. No. of Bolus Calculator Overrides per day: 0.7
- Avg. Carbs per Bolus (g): 57.5
- Avg. No. of Manual Boluses per day: 1.4

Glucose Excursions
- No. of Excursions (SMBG): 3
- % Below Target: 34.7%
- % Above Target: 65.3%
- % In Range: 0%

Glucose by Time of Day
- Bedtime 12:00 am - 6:00 am
- Overnight Before Breakfast 6:00 am - 9:00 am
- After Breakfast 9:00 am - 11:00 am
- Before Lunch 11:00 am - 2:00 pm
- After Lunch 2:00 pm - 5:00 pm
- Before Dinner 5:00 pm - 7:00 pm
- After Dinner 7:00 pm - 10:00 pm
- Before Midnight 10:00 pm - 12:00 am

Warning: Reports are intended for use by healthcare professionals with experience treating patients with diabetes only.

* Readings must be tagged as “After Meal” on the OneTouch Verio® IQ meter.
Excursion Analysis Report

Summarizes when patients have repeated excursions, such as hypoglycemia, variability, and pump patterns

1. Review excursions by date to track your patient’s progress day by day
2. See times of day when your patient is in and out of range
3. See which times during the week your patient seems to be struggling the most
Adherence Analysis Report

Provides an overview of patient adherence to glucose testing and pump activities

1. See patterns generated from pump events and insulin delivery decisions (such as manual bolus overrides) and impact on glucose by date
2. View testing frequencies to see how consistently your patient is following your glucose monitoring recommendations
3. Review bolus, priming, and cannula fill information that may shed light on potential underlying causes of glycemic variability day by day
Integrated Daily View Report

Provides a comprehensive overview of your patient’s glucose readings, basal and bolus insulin delivered, and carbohydrate intake

1. See how glucose levels vary by time of day, one week at a time
2. Review current pump settings by time of day to consider whether any therapy adjustments need to be made
3. Assess daily thumbnail visualizations to see how patient dosing and eating habits impact glycemic control

Integrated Daily View: 10/18/2017 - 10/31/2017

Name: Patient 6, Pete
DOB: 1/22/1983
Gender: Male
Clinic: Trident Training Clinic
Clinician: Clin Man..., TTC
Warning: Reports are intended for use by healthcare professionals with experience treating patients with diabetes only.

Glucose by Time of Day

Pump Settings at Last Data Transfer

Daily Details 10/25/2017 - 10/31/2017

Carbs: 70 g Carbs: 40 g Carbs: 30 g Carbs: 90 g Carbs: 0 g Carbs: 0 g Carbs: 0 g

See how glucose levels vary by time of day, one week at a time
Review current pump settings by time of day to consider whether any therapy adjustments need to be made
Assess daily thumbnail visualizations to see how patient dosing and eating habits impact glycemic control

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Logbook Report (Meter)

Displays color-coded glucose data in a familiar logbook format

1. See glucose readings organized by patient’s personalized schedule and sorted chronologically by date
2. Trace the sequence of glucose readings to see what preceded each out-of-range result
3. Optional time stamps show exact time each glucose reading was taken

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### Logbook: 9/28/2017 - 10/11/2017

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Overnight</th>
<th>Before Breakfast</th>
<th>After Breakfast</th>
<th>Before Lunch</th>
<th>After Lunch</th>
<th>Before Dinner</th>
<th>After Dinner</th>
<th>Bedtime</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>9/28/2017</td>
<td>12:00 am - 6:00 am</td>
<td>6:00 am - 9:00 am</td>
<td>9:00 am - 11:00 am</td>
<td>11:00 am - 2:00 pm</td>
<td>2:00 pm - 5:00 pm</td>
<td>5:00 pm - 7:00 pm</td>
<td>7:00 pm - 10:00 pm</td>
<td>10:00 am - 12:00 am</td>
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<tr>
<td>9/29/2017</td>
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<td>9/30/2017</td>
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<td>10/1/2017</td>
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<td>10/2/2017</td>
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<td>10/3/2017</td>
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<tr>
<td>10/4/2017</td>
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<td>10/5/2017</td>
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<td>10/6/2017</td>
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<tr>
<td>10/7/2017</td>
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<tr>
<td>10/8/2017</td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Warning:** Reports are intended for use by healthcare professionals with experience treating patients with diabetes only.
Logbook Report (Pump)

Provides a detailed look at the temporal relationship between glucose levels and insulin delivery in a familiar logbook format.

1. Review above- and below-target glucose readings hour by hour to see each high and low reading
2. Inspect every temporary basal rate, cannula fill, and bolus override
3. Track insulin delivery interruptions by examining pump suspension and resume activity
Details by Time of Day Report

Displays patterns that show your patient’s glycemic control over a 24 hour period

① See if there are excursion and glycemic variability patterns at certain times of the day, such as mealtimes

② Assess visuals that show fluctuations in glucose control in context with pre-meal and post-meal readings*

③ Compare detailed glucose and insulin statistics by patient’s personalized schedule

* Readings must be tagged as “After Meal” on the OneTouch Verio® IQ meter.
Details by Day of Week Report

Provides patterns that show your patient’s glycemic control each day of the week

1. Check if there are excursion patterns on certain days of the week
2. See how your patient is using insulin throughout the week to correct for meals, glucose or both – for example, if it’s better on weekdays than on weekends
Review the pump settings at the time of the last data transfer and review settings for the bolus calculator including insulin-to-carbohydrate ratio (I:C), insulin sensitivity factor (ISF), and glucose targets for correction boluses.

Review advanced pump settings, insulin on board and sick-day programs.

Device Settings at Last Data Transfer Report

Shows settings for basal programs and insulin delivery rates.
### Data List Report

Displays a tabular view of all data captured by the devices for a selected date range

- View every in-range, high, and low glucose reading, insulin delivery and pump activity, listed in chronological (by date) or testing order

#### Data List: 10/18/2017 - 10/31/2017

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Time</th>
<th>Event</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Serial #</th>
<th>Comments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>10/31/2017 9:09 pm</td>
<td>After Dinner</td>
<td>Total Daily Dose</td>
<td>46.24 U</td>
<td>50-19702-15</td>
<td>Basal Insulin = 17.54 U, Bolus Insulin = 28.70 U, Pump Suspended</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10/31/2017 9:09 pm</td>
<td>After Dinner</td>
<td>Basal</td>
<td>0.000 U/hr</td>
<td>50-19702-15</td>
<td>Normal Basal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10/31/2017 8:56 pm</td>
<td>After Dinner</td>
<td>Bolus</td>
<td>3.80 U</td>
<td>50-19702-15</td>
<td>Initiator Source = Pump, Type = Normal Basal, Sub Type = Normal, Status = Completed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10/31/2017 7:17 pm</td>
<td>After Dinner</td>
<td>Glucose</td>
<td>196 mg/dL</td>
<td>50-19702-15</td>
<td>Before Meal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10/31/2017 4:16 pm</td>
<td>After Lunch</td>
<td>Glucose</td>
<td>344 mg/dL</td>
<td>50-19702-15</td>
<td>After Meal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10/31/2017 3:42 pm</td>
<td>After Lunch</td>
<td>Basal</td>
<td>0.780 U/hr</td>
<td>50-19702-15</td>
<td>Normal Basal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10/31/2017 3:38 pm</td>
<td>After Lunch</td>
<td>Bolus</td>
<td>1.80 U</td>
<td>50-19702-15</td>
<td>Initiator Source = Pump, Type = Normal Basal, Sub Type = Normal, Status = Completed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10/31/2017 3:37 pm</td>
<td>After Lunch</td>
<td>Fill Cannula</td>
<td>0.30 U</td>
<td>50-19702-15</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10/31/2017 3:34 pm</td>
<td>After Lunch</td>
<td>Prime</td>
<td>16.25 U</td>
<td>50-19702-15</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10/31/2017 3:34 pm</td>
<td>After Lunch</td>
<td>Basal</td>
<td>0.000 U/hr</td>
<td>50-19702-15</td>
<td>Normal Basal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10/31/2017 3:28 pm</td>
<td>After Lunch</td>
<td>Bolus</td>
<td>1.20 U</td>
<td>50-19702-15</td>
<td>Trigger = ebBG, Initiator Source = RF remote, Type = Normal Basal, Status = Enabled, IOB = 0.00 U, Sub Type = Normal, Status = Completed, Calculated = 2.75 U</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10/31/2017 3:26 pm</td>
<td>After Lunch</td>
<td>Glucose</td>
<td>377 mg/dL</td>
<td>50-19702-15</td>
<td>After Meal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10/31/2017 3:15 pm</td>
<td>After Breakfast</td>
<td>Basal</td>
<td>0.780 U/hr</td>
<td>50-19702-15</td>
<td>Normal Basal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10/31/2017 3:00 pm</td>
<td>Before Breakfast</td>
<td>Basal</td>
<td>0.000 U/hr</td>
<td>50-19702-15</td>
<td>Normal Basal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10/31/2017 2:51 am</td>
<td>Overnight</td>
<td>Alarm</td>
<td>50-19702-15</td>
<td></td>
<td>Low cartridge, Code = 178, Sub Code = 0000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10/31/2017 1:15 am</td>
<td>Overnight</td>
<td>Bolus</td>
<td>0.95 U</td>
<td>50-19702-15</td>
<td>Trigger = ebBG, Initiator Source = RF remote, Type = Normal Basal, Status = Enabled, IOB = 0.00 U, Sub Type = Normal, Status = Completed, Calculated = 0.95 U</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10/31/2017 1:14 am</td>
<td>Overnight</td>
<td>Glucose</td>
<td>262 mg/dL</td>
<td>50-19702-15</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10/31/2017 12:00 am</td>
<td>Overnight</td>
<td>Basal</td>
<td>0.980 U</td>
<td>50-19702-15</td>
<td>Normal Basal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10/30/2017 11:57 pm</td>
<td>Bedtime</td>
<td>Total Daily Dose</td>
<td>61.78 U</td>
<td>50-19702-15</td>
<td>Basal Insulin = 20.48 U, Bolus Insulin = 41.30 U</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10/30/2017 10:00 pm</td>
<td>Bedtime</td>
<td>Basal</td>
<td>1.030 U/hr</td>
<td>50-19702-15</td>
<td>Normal Basal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10/30/2017 9:36 pm</td>
<td>After Dinner</td>
<td>Bolus</td>
<td>0.00 U</td>
<td>50-19702-15</td>
<td>Trigger = ebBG, Initiator Source = RF remote, Type = Normal Basal, Status = Completed, Calculated = 0.00 U, Sub Type = Normal, Status = Completed</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
CGM Report: Patient Summary

Patient Summary: 9/28/2017 - 10/11/2017

Name: Patient 6, Pete
DOB: 1/22/1983
Gender: Male
Patient ID: TTCP6
Clinic: Trident Training Clinic
Clinician: Clinic Man... TTC

Overall Target: 60 - 180 mg/dL
Before Meal Target: 60 - 130 mg/dL
After Meal Target: 100 - 180 mg/dL

Reported for Patient 6, Pete on 1/9/2018 from OneTouch Reveal 2.15.0-SNAPSHOT®
OneTouch Ultra 2 XXXXXX, OneTouch Ping 03-25872-15®

Warning: Reports are intended for use by healthcare professionals with experience treating patients with diabetes only.

Patterns
- High Pattern: Overall, most glucose readings were above target (81.0%)
- High Pattern: Most glucose readings tagged Before Meal were above target (91.3%)
- High Pattern: Most glucose readings tagged After Meal were above target (72.2%)

Additional patterns have been detected and may be viewed by selecting different reports to view.

Comparative Statistics

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Current Date Range</th>
<th>Previous Date Range</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>9/28/2017 - 10/11/2017</td>
<td>9/14/2017 - 9/27/2017</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Blood Glucose (SMBG)</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Overall Avg.</td>
<td>260.7 mg/dL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Standard Deviation</td>
<td>92.2 mg/dL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No. of Readings</td>
<td>58</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Avg. No. of Readings per day</td>
<td>41.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% of Readings w/ Meal Tags</td>
<td>76.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Before Meal Avg.</td>
<td>254.9 mg/dL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>After Meal Avg.</td>
<td>257.7 mg/dL</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

High Blood Glucose Index - Risk of Hyperglycemia: 26.3-High
Low Blood Glucose Index - Risk of Hypoglycemia: 0.0-Minimal
Average Daily Risk Range: 43.5-High

Insulin Dosing Statistics

Avg. Total Daily Dose (U per day): 47.2
Avg. Basal / Bolus Ratio: 41% : 59%
Avg. No. of Days Between Cannula Fills: 3.4
Avg. No. of Boluses per day: 6.2
Avg. Carbohydrate (g per day): -
Avg. No. of Manual Boluses per day: 3.2
Avg. Carbs per Bolus (g): -

Glucose Excursions

No. of Excursions (SMBG): 47
Tagged Before Meal: 21
Tagged After Meal: 13
Severe: 2

Lowest / Highest Readings: 90 mg/dL, 457 mg/dL

Glucose by Time of Day

Glucose by Time of Day

Reported for Patient 6, Pete on 1/9/2018 from OneTouch Reveal® 2.15.0-SNAPSHOT®
OneTouch Ultra 2 XXXXXX, OneTouch Ping® 03-25872-15®
Excursion Analysis: 9/28/2017 - 10/11/2017

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name: Patient 6, Pete</th>
<th>Patient ID: TTCP6</th>
<th>Overall Target: 60 - 180 mg/dL</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DOB: 1/22/1983</td>
<td>Clinic: Trident Training Clinic</td>
<td>Before Meal Target: 60 - 130 mg/dL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gender: Male</td>
<td>Clinician: Clinic Manager, TTC</td>
<td>After Meal Target: 100 - 180 mg/dL</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Warning:** Reports are intended for use by healthcare professionals with experience treating patients with diabetes only.

**Overall Excursions**
- High Pattern: Overall, most glucose readings were above target (81.0%).
- High Pattern: Within 4 hours, most below target glucose readings were followed by above target glucose readings (100%).

**Time of Day Excursions**
- High Pattern: Most glucose readings tagged Before Meal were above target (91.3%).
- High Pattern: Most glucose readings tagged After Meal were above target (72.2%).

**Day of Week Excursions**
- The system did not detect any patterns from the data in the selected date range.
CGM Report: Integrated Daily View

Integrated Daily View: 9/28/2017 - 10/11/2017

Name: Patient 6, Pete
DOB: 1/22/1983
Gender: Male
Clinic: Trident Training Clinic
Clinician: Clinic Manager, TTC

Overall Target:
60 - 180 mg/dL

Before Meal Target:
60 - 130 mg/dL

After Meal Target:
100 - 180 mg/dL

Patient ID: TTCP6
Name: Patient 6, Pete
DOB: 1/22/1983

Warning: Reports are intended for use by healthcare professionals with experience treating patients with diabetes only.

Glucose by Time of Day

Basal Rate (U/hr)
I:C Ratio (U/g)
ISF (U)/mg/dL

Daily Details 9/28/2017 - 10/4/2017
Avg. BG: 281.6 mg/dL
TDD: 38.08 U
Carbs: 0 g

Daily Details 10/5/2017 - 10/11/2017
Avg. BG: 211.7 mg/dL
TDD: 50.70 U
Carbs: 0 g

This report includes insulin data with values below 0.05 U. These insulin values will not appear on graphs in this report.

Footnotes:

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Definitions of terms used in OneTouch Reveal® web app reports

Adherence Analysis Report. A report that provides an overview of adherence data on blood glucose testing and pump activities.

Average daily risk range (ADRR). A measurement of variability in blood glucose fluctuations, using a range scale of 0–60. A measurement of 0–19 represents low risk, 20–39 represents medium risk, and 40–60 represents high risk.

Basal dose. The continuous amount of insulin the body needs throughout the day.

BG. Abbreviation for blood glucose.

Bolus dose. The additional units of insulin needed to cover carbohydrates or to correct a high blood glucose level.

Cannula. A flexible tube that is inserted into a bodily cavity, duct, or vessel to drain fluid or administer a substance such as a medication (e.g. insulin).

Coefficient of variation (CV). Defined as the ratio of the standard deviation (SD) to the mean (average), expressed as a percentage: \( CV = \frac{SD}{\text{mean}} \times 100 \)

Data List Report. A report that provides a tabular view of all data captured by the device for a selected date range, displayed in chronological order.

Data record. A unit of information in OneTouch Reveal® web app such as a blood glucose reading, an insulin dose, or other information (e.g. a name).

Date range. The number of days of data (14, 30, 90, or a custom range) contained in each report.

Details by Day of Week Report. A report that provides a summary of glucose readings, insulin, and carbohydrate intake by day of week, for a selected date range.

Details by Time of Day Report. A report that provides a summary of glucose readings, insulin, and carbohydrate intake by time of day, for a selected date range.

Device. Blood glucose meter or insulin pump that can transfer data to the OneTouch Reveal® web app.

Device Settings at Last Data Transfer Report. A report that provides a view of the device settings at the time of the last data transfer.

Excursion Analysis Report. A report that provides a listing of hyperglycemia, hypoglycemia, variability, and pump patterns for a selected day range.

Footnotes. Messages appearing at the bottom of reports that communicate additional information.

Glucose average. The arithmetical mean calculated for a set of glucose readings.

High blood glucose indicator (HBGI). A measure for estimating hyperglycemia risk. A score of 4.5 or lower indicates low risk, a score between 4.5 and 9.0 indicates moderate risk, and a score higher than 9.0 indicates high risk.

HIGH blood glucose readings. When ‘HIGH’ (or ‘HI’) appears in a report in capital letters, it refers to glucose readings higher than the measurement range of the meter. Consult the OneTouch Reveal® web app for the measurement range of your device.

I:C Ratio. Insulin to carbohydrate ratio. This ratio shows how many grams of carbohydrates are ‘covered’ by each unit of insulin taken. For example, an I:C ratio of 1:20 means that one unit of insulin will cover 20 grams of carbohydrates.

Integrated Daily View Report. A report that provides glucose readings daily CGM tracings with basal, I:C (insulin to carbohydrate) ratio, ISF (insulin sensitivity factor), total daily carbohydrates, and insulin dose data by time of day, for a selected date range.

ISF. Insulin sensitivity factor. ISF is the amount by which the blood glucose level is reduced for each unit of insulin taken.

Low blood glucose indicator (LBGI). A measure for estimating hypoglycemia risk. A score of 11.1 or lower indicates minimal risk, a score between 11.1 and 2.5 indicates low risk, a score between 2.5 and 5.0 indicates moderate risk, and a score higher than 5.0 indicates high risk.

Low blood glucose readings. When ‘LOW’ (or ‘LO’) appears in a report in capital letters, it refers to glucose readings lower than the measurement range of the meter. Consult the Owner’s booklet for the measurement range of your device.

Median. The middle value in a data set (taken as the average of the two middle values when the sequence has an even number of values).

Meter ID. A serial number stored in the memory of each meter. OneTouch Reveal® web app retrieves the meter ID when transferring meter results so it can keep track of the meter from which the data originated.

Patient Summary Report. A report that provides an overview of glucose patterns and excursions, testing and dosing regimens, and key comparative statistics for a selected date range.

Pattern messages. Messages appearing in reports that may help identify trends in patient data.

Schedule. A 24-hour day divided into eight time periods that can be customised to meet an individual’s personal daily routine.

Standard deviation (SD). A measure of dispersion – i.e. how much the test results in a certain set are scattered around the mean. A low SD signifies that the test results are tightly clustered; a high SD signifies the results are widely scattered.

Tags. A note attached to a result to further identify the data. The tag may indicate that the result is a Before Meal, After Meal, Fasting, or Bedtime result.

Target range. The range (upper and lower limits) of preferred glucose levels.

Time period. The eight periods within a 24-hour day used to organize data transferred to the OneTouch Reveal® web app.

Transfer. The procedure that moves data from a meter or insulin pump to the OneTouch Reveal® web app.

Unit of measure. Blood glucose readings as well as other test results are reported in mg/dL or mmol/L.
The OneTouch Reveal® web app helps you and your patients make more informed treatment decisions†

Discover the benefits of the OneTouch Reveal® web app with your patients

OneTouch® meters and Animas® insulin pumps connect patients with results they can act on in the moment.

OneTouch Reveal® web app. A simple way to help patients stay on track — in the moment and between visits:

- Simple, colorful visuals that highlight patterns
- Connects blood glucose, food, insulin and activity in new ways
- Results can be shared with you, between visits or during appointments

† Based on a study conducted in the U.S.A with 63 healthcare professionals, in 2012, that compared the use of OneTouch Reveal® web app reports with the use of paper logbooks.

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